



ANNEXURE A

Evidence of individual transfers (2015)

Testimony 1

Name: M.Y.D.
Age: 17
Date of incident: 4 January 2015
Location: At Tabaqa, West Bank
Transferred to: Negev, Israel

I, M.Y.D., of At Tabaqa, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I woke up to the sound of military jeeps around the house. It was 2.00 a.m. I then heard the sound of a device breaking open the front door. Once the door was broken Israeli soldiers stormed our house. My father went to speak to the soldiers but they were very angry because did not open the door quickly enough.
2. A soldier asked me for my ID card. I was taken to the living room and searched. A soldier tried to hit me and when I defended myself the other soldiers in the room beat me very hard. One soldier hit me in the face with his with his gun and I bled heavily. Another soldier slapped and kicked me all over my body. Then they threw me on the couch. When my family saw this they panicked and started to shout and scream and there was chaos in the house. My younger siblings were terrified. My youngest brother is just 4-years-old. The soldiers then asked me to stand up and told if I didn't keep quiet they were going to shoot me. I was scared and kept calm and quiet.
3. The soldiers told me I was under arrest and told me to get dressed. They gave my father a document with details about my arrest saying I was accused of throwing stones and that I was going to be interrogated at the Israeli police station in the settlement of Kiryat Arba. I was taken out of the house where I was blindfolded and tied to the front with three plastic ties: one on each wrist and one connecting the two. The ties were painful. I was then put in the back of a jeep and made to sit on the floor.
4. The jeep drove for about 15 minutes before stopping at a nearby Israeli military base. I was taken to see a doctor who examined me and gave me a form to fill out. The doctor also treated the cut on my face and the bleeding stopped. The blindfold was removed during the examination. I was then blindfolded again and taken to a room with other

soldiers where I sat on a seat. I remained there until 6.00 a.m. I was allowed to drink and to use the bathroom.

5. At around 6.00 a.m. I was put on the floor of a military jeep. The jeep drove for about 30 minutes before arriving at the settlement of Kiryat Arba. On the way soldiers kicked and punched me in the stomach. When we arrived I was immediately taken for interrogation.
6. At the entrance to the interrogation room a man in civilian clothes told me I had to confess to throwing Molotov cocktails at soldiers. He then took me into the room where another interrogator in civilian clothes was sitting. The interrogator spoke fluent Arabic. He removed the ties and the blindfold and told me I had the right to remain silent and the right to see a lawyer. He had a tape recorder in the room. No one else was in the room.
7. The interrogator asked me for my father's telephone number but he did not call him. He then told me I was accused of throwing stones at soldiers. I told him this was not true. He then told me there was a confession against me from another boy. The interrogation lasted for about 30 minutes. I continued to deny the accusation. He then printed out a document written in Hebrew and asked me to sign it. I told him I wasn't going to sign anything I didn't understand. I was then photographed and fingerprinted and taken to a room where soldiers rest. I sat on a seat and I was tied and blindfolded like before. I remained there until 2.00 p.m. I was then taken to the police station in the settlement of Etzion.
8. At Etzion I was strip searched and taken to a prison cell where I stayed with other detainees. The blindfold and the ties were removed. At around 5.00 p.m. soldiers took me out, shackled and handcuffed me and took me to a vehicle. The vehicle drove for about an hour before it arrived at Ofer prison, near Ramallah. At Ofer I was strip searched and taken to Section 13.
9. Three days after my arrest I was taken to Ofer military court. A lawyer was in court but not my parents because they were not informed. The hearing was adjourned for a week. My parents attended the second hearing. All in all I had about seven appearances in the military court. On the last appearance my lawyer accepted a plea bargain in which I was sentenced to four months in prison and fined NIS 2,000. I was also given a suspended sentence of six months in prison; a fine of NIS 5,000; valid for five years.
10. I served my sentence in the juvenile section of Ofer prison until I turned 18 on 15 March 2015. I was then transferred to the adults section. A week later I was transferred to a prison in the Negev inside Israel. In prison I did not study. I was told that lessons were available only to boys who are sentenced and it took a very long before I was sentenced. I was released from the Negev prison on 28 April 2015.

Testimony 2

Name: G.B.N.
 Age: 17
 Date of incident: 4 January 2015
 Location: At Tabaqa, West Bank
 Transferred to: Ramla/Megiddo, Israel

I, G.B.N., of, At Tabaqa, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I was asleep when suddenly I heard lots of jeeps around the house and someone banging at the door. It was around 2.00 a.m. When my brother opened the door a group of Israeli soldiers stormed into the house as if they were preparing to go to war. They immediately asked us for our identity cards and when they saw mine they told me they wanted to arrest me. I don't remember the soldiers telling my parents where they were going to take me and why.
2. The soldiers allowed me to get dressed and immediately took me outside the house where they blindfolded me and tied my hands to the front with one plastic tie. The tie was very painful. They took me into the back of a jeep and made me sit on a seat. The jeep drove for about 15 minutes and stopped at the nearby military camp where I was put in a shipping container and sat on the floor.
3. A soldier took me to see a doctor. The soldier removed the blindfold and when the doctor was done I was blindfolded again. I was taken back into the shipping container where I remained until around 6.00 a.m.
4. At around 6.00 a.m. I was put in the back of a jeep and made to sit on the floor. The jeep drove away and the soldiers beat me hard all over my body. The jeep drove for about 30 minutes and then stopped at the police station inside the settlement of Kiryat Arba. At Kiryat Arba I was put in a shipping container where there were three interrogators.
5. I sat on a seat and the blindfold was removed but the tie was kept. One of the three interrogators led the interrogation and the other two intervened every now and then. They did not inform me of my rights.
6. The interrogator accused me of throwing stones and Molotov cocktail at soldiers. I told him this was not true. The interrogator then told me there were confessions against me from another boy who claimed I threw stones with him. I told the interrogator the boy wasn't telling the truth. The interrogator got angry. He blindfolded me again and cut off the tie and replaced it with another one this time with my hands to the back. The tie was very tight. The interrogators then beat me all over my body.
7. The interrogation lasted for about an hour. During this time the interrogators questioned me about throwing stones but most of the time they spent beating me. They did not ask

me to sign any documents. I was then taken to see another interrogator in the nearby room.

8. This interrogator was in police uniform. He told me I had the right to remain silent and the right to see a lawyer. He asked me for my parents' number and called them and allowed me to speak to them. This interrogator did not beat me but he swore at me a lot. He called my mother and sisters whores. He accused me of throwing stones at soldiers and told me there were confessions against me but he did not show me any evidence. I did not confess and insisted I did not do anything wrong. The interrogation lasted for more than two hours.
9. The interrogator printed out my statement in Hebrew and asked me to sign it but I refused to sign. He then asked the first interrogator to sign that I had confessed to him which was not true. I was allowed to use the bathroom but I was not given anything to eat or drink.
10. I was photographed, fingerprinted and taken into the back of a jeep where I sat on the floor. I was tied and blindfolded again. The jeep drove to the settlement of Etzion. At Etzion I was strip searched and taken to a prison cell in where they removed the tie and the blindfold.
11. At around 5.00 p.m. I was shackled and handcuffed and taken to Ofer prison, near Ramallah. On arrival at Ofer I was strip searched.
12. On 6 January I had a military court hearing. My parents were not in court but a lawyer was there. I had more than seven hearings. In the end I was sentenced to four months in prison and fined NIS 2,000. I was also served with a suspended sentence of six months valid for five years.
13. On 7 March I was shackled and handcuffed and put into the back of a vehicle which drove for about two hours. The vehicle stopped at a place near Ramla and I spent one night there in a small cell not bigger than 2 X 2 meters. The following day I was shackled and handcuffed again and taken into the back of a vehicle where I sat on a seat. The vehicle drove for two hours before it stopped at Megiddo prison inside Israel.
14. At Megiddo I was taken to see an intelligence officer. He asked me some questions about my sentence and whether I knew anyone from Ofer prison with a mobile telephone. I told him I didn't know anything. He then asked me whether I had relatives inside Ofer and I said no. I was then taken to the juvenile section in Megiddo where I spent the rest of my sentence.
15. I was released from prison on 28 April 2015. I went home with my parents who were waiting for me. I was released from Salem checkpoint at around 5.00 p.m. and I arrived home around 10.00 p.m. In prison I did not study.

Testimony 3

Name: M.K.I.
 Age: 17
 Date of incident: 11 January 2015
 Location: At Taybah, West Bank
 Transferred to: Megiddo, Israel

I, M.K.I., of At Taybah, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I was collecting firewood with my brother and friend near our house which is located near the Wall. It was around 4.30 p.m. Suddenly an Israeli military jeep appeared and some soldiers got out and immediately walked towards us. One of the soldiers accused us of throwing stones and asked to see our hands. I told him this was not true and that we were collecting firewood. The soldier immediately handcuffed me which was not painful. I was then put in the back of the jeep where I sat on the metal floor.
2. The jeep drove for about 10 minutes before stopping at Salem military base. At Salem I was put in a shipping container where I sat on the floor for about five hours. A soldier then took me to another room. On the way he pushed me and I fell to the ground. He made me sit on the floor for another hour. When a soldier heard me talking to my brother, who was also arrested with me, he started to shout at me. I wasn't allowed to use the bathroom or to drink water.
3. At around midnight a soldier took me to see a doctor who examined me and gave me a questionnaire in Arabic about my medical condition. I was then blindfolded and taken into the back of a jeep where I sat on the metal floor. The jeep drove for about 30 minutes before it stopped and I was taken out. When I asked where we were soldiers told me we were at the police station in Ariel settlement. At Ariel I waited on a seat in a corridor for 30 minutes before I was taken to the interrogation room.
4. I was interrogated at around 1.00 a.m. The interrogator wore an Israeli police uniform. Before the interrogation started he told me I had the right to remain silent and the right to consult with a lawyer. He then asked me for my father's number and called him. He told my father to appoint me a lawyer. My father gave the interrogator a phone number for a lawyer. The interrogator then called the lawyer and allowed me to speak to him.
5. The interrogator then accused me of being near the wall throwing stones at soldiers and blocking the road. I denied the accusation and told the interrogator I was in the area collecting wood. The interrogator claimed he had a video recording showing me throwing stones. I asked him to show me the video. He said he would but never did. The interrogation lasted for about two hours. The interrogator did not beat me but he swore at me, he called me a liar and called my mother and sisters whores. He then printed out my statement in Hebrew and asked me to sign it. I signed it without understanding what it

said. I was then photographed and fingerprinted and taken into a courtyard where I sat on the ground until around 4:00 a.m.

6. At around 4.00 a.m. I was put in the back of a troop carrier where I sat on a seat. The carrier drove for about one-and-a-half hours before it stopped at Megiddo prison inside Israel. At Megiddo I was strip searched. I was given prison clothes and taken to the minors' section.
7. On Thursday, 15 January, I was taken to Salem military court. A lawyer was in the military court to defend me. The hearing was adjourned until Tuesday, 20 January. On Tuesday I was taken back to the military court where I waited in a room until midday. A lawyer then told me I was going to be released. I went home with my parents who had come to attend the hearing. I was released without charge and without any further legal proceedings.

Testimony 4

Name: W.H.G.
 Age: 15
 Date of incident: 17 January 2015
 Location: Surif, West Bank
 Transferred to: Hasharon/Megiddo, Israel

I, W.H.G., of Surif, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I was arrested on the main road at around 11.00 a.m. There was a demonstration at the time calling for the opening of the main road that connects our village to the nearby village of Al-Jab'a. I went with my cousin to watch the demonstration. At one point Israeli soldiers tried to disperse the demonstration and young men started to throw stones at them.
2. The soldiers then ran into the crowd and started to chase everybody. I tried to run as fast as I could but the soldiers caught me and two other boys from the village. I was terrified and started to cry. More than 10 soldiers beat me and kicked me all over my body. They were very violent. They tied my hands to the back with one plastic tie but it wasn't painful. They made me sit on the side of the road for about 15 minutes and then violently pushed me into the back of a jeep. I was in pain as I was thrown on the floor of the jeep with my hands tied.
3. The jeep drove for about 15 minutes and then stopped at the police station in Etzion settlement. I was taken to a courtyard where I waited for about 30 minutes. An interrogator then took me to a room.

4. The interrogator wore a police uniform. He cut off the tie and showed me a document written in Arabic which said I had the right to silence and the right to consult with a lawyer. I understood what the document said but I didn't know any lawyers to call. The interrogator called my aunt and told her I was at Etzion.
5. The interrogator accused me of throwing stones at soldiers. I was scared of the interrogator and decide to confess. I told him I did throw stones at soldiers with other boys. The interrogation lasted for about an hour. After I confessed I was photographed and fingerprinted. I was then taken into a courtyard where I was tied as before. I was also blindfolded. I remained there for about three hours before I was shackled and handcuffed and put in the back of a troop carrier.
6. The carrier drove for about 30 minutes and then stopped at the police station in the settlement of Kiryat Arba. At Kiryat Arba I was taken to see a doctor. The doctor removed the handcuffs and the blindfold and examined me. When the doctor was finished I was handcuffed and taken into the back of a troop carrier where I sat on a seat. The carrier drove for about one-and-a-half hours before it stopped at Ofer prison. It was just after midnight.
7. At Ofer the soldiers asked me to take off all my clothes for a security check. I was embarrassed to take off my clothes but when they told me soldiers would beat me if I didn't take off my clothes, I decided to strip as they ordered me. I was given prison uniforms and taken into Section 13.
8. The following day I was taken to Ofer military court. A lawyer was there but my parents were not there because they were not notified. The hearing was adjourned. I had five hearings. In the end I was sentenced to four months in jail and fined 2,500 NIS. I was also served with a suspended sentence of nine months valid for five years.
9. I spent about two weeks in Ofer and then I was transferred to Hasharon prison inside Israel where I spent about six weeks. I used to come to Ofer for court hearings. When I was sentenced I was transferred from Hasharon to Megiddo prison also inside Israel where I spent about two months. At Hasharon I studied Arabic and mathematics. I was released from Megiddo prison on 31 May 2015, at around 4.00 p.m.

Testimony 5

Name: M.M.N.
Age: 16
Date of incident: 19 January 2015
Location: At Tabaqa, West Bank
Transferred to: Megiddo, Israel

I, M.M.N., of At Tabaqa, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I was arrested from home at around 2.30 a.m. My mother woke me up to tell me Israeli soldiers were at the door. I got up and found the soldiers already inside the house. They quickly searched the house and then asked my mother for me. The soldiers told me to get dressed. I barely had time to put on my clothes when the soldiers dragged me outside without my shoes. I grabbed my shoes with me and put them on later. The soldiers did not give my mother any documents about my arrest but they told her they were taking me for interrogation about throwing stones. They recorded my mother's identity card number.
2. The soldiers took me to an area not far from the house and slapped me on the neck. They blindfolded me and tied my hands to the front with three plastic ties: one on each wrist and another one connecting the two. The ties were painful. I was taken into the back of a jeep where I sat on the floor. The jeep drove for about 10minutes and stopped at the nearby military base.
3. I was immediately taken to see a doctor. The soldiers removed the blindfold and the doctor examined me and gave me a form to fill out. Then I was put in a shipping container where I was blindfolded again. I slept on a bench until around 7.00 a.m.
4. I was then taken to the back of a jeep where I sat on the floor. The jeep drove for about an hour before it stopped at the police station in the settlement of Kiryat Arba. The soldiers kicked and slapped me on the way. At Kiryat Arba I was taken into a courtyard where I sat on the ground for about two hours. An interrogator came with a soldier who beat me and stepped on my foot before taking me to the interrogation room.
5. The interrogator was in civilian clothes. No one else was in the room. He turned on a tape recorder during the interrogation. He removed the ties and the blindfold and started to interrogate me. He accused me of throwing stones at soldiers. Half way through the interrogation he told me I had the right to remain silent and the right to consult with a lawyer. I told him I didn't want a lawyer. He asked me for my mother's number. I asked him if I could speak to my mother but he told me he would allow me to speak to her only after I confess. He then called my mother and told her I was at Kiryat Arba and asked her to appoint a lawyer.
6. The interrogator again accused me of throwing stones at soldiers at an intersection near our village. He then showed me some pictures of boys throwing stones and told me that I was in the picture. I denied this and told him I wasn't throwing stones. The interrogation lasted for about an hour.
7. During the interrogation the interrogator banged at the table aggressively and was swearing. He told me I was the son of a whore and he said bad things about god and religion. He also told me that a boy had confessed against me saying I was throwing stones with him. He mentioned the name of the boy and I told the interrogator I didn't know him. He threatened to bring that boy to confront me and wondered what I would say. I told him to go ahead and bring that boy and I would say to his face that he was a liar. He never confronted me with the boy. The interrogator allowed me to use the bathroom and to drink water.

8. He then printed out my statement in Hebrew and asked me to sign it. I asked him to translate it for me and when I found it identical to what I had told him I signed it. I was then photographed and finger printed and taken into a shipping container. I was blindfolded and tied like before.
9. I sat on a bench until around 6.00 p.m. when I was taken into the back of a jeep where I sat on the floor. The jeep drove for about 30 minutes and stopped at the police station in Etzion settlement. At Etzion I was strip searched and taken into a room with other boys. The ties and the blindfold were removed. Soldiers brought me some food and I spent a night at Etzion.
10. The following morning, at around 9.00 a.m., I was shackled and handcuffed to the front and taken into a troop carrier where I sat on a seat. The carrier drove for about 30 minutes before it stopped at Ofer where I was strip searched again and taken into Section 13.
11. On Thursday, 22 January, I was taken to Ofer military court. My mother came to Ofer but she never entered the courtroom because they forgot to call her in. A lawyer was in court to defend me. The hearing was adjourned. I had seven other hearings. In the end my lawyer agreed on a plea bargain with the prosecution where I would be sentenced to four months in prison and 2,000 shekels fine in addition to a 6 months suspended sentence and 5,000 shekels fine valid for 5 years.
12. I spent 3 months of my sentence at Ofer but the last month I was transferred to Megiddo prison inside Israel. While in prison I studied mathematics and Arabic. My family visited me regularly at Ofer but in Megiddo I only had one family visit. I was released on 17 May at around 3.00 p.m. I was first transferred to Salem checkpoint where my family met me and I went home with them. I arrived home at around 6.00 p.m.

Testimony 6

Name: M.J.Y.
 Age: 15
 Date of incident: 19 January 2015
 Location: At Tabaqa, West Bank
 Transferred to: Megiddo, Israel

I, M.J.Y., of At Tabaqa, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. My brother woke me up and told me Israel soldiers were in the house. It was around 2:30 a.m. I got up and found a group of soldiers in our living room. They were in full military gear as if they were on a battlefield. My younger brother, who is 12, was terrified.
2. One of the soldiers asked me for my name and then told me to get dressed because I was under arrest. Another soldier told me to go with them immediately whilst I was still in my pajamas but my older brother insisted that they allow me to put on proper clothes. The soldiers did not

give my father any documents but they told him they were going to take me for questioning for a couple of hours and would then return me home.

3. The soldiers took me outside the house and walked me towards a military jeep that was waiting. They tied my hands to the front with three plastic ties: one on each wrist and one connecting the two. The ties were very painful. They also blindfolded me. While waiting near the jeep a group of soldiers started to beat me all over my body. I was then put in the back of the jeep and made to sit on the floor.
4. The jeep drove for about 10 minutes and the soldiers beat me on the way. The jeep stopped at a nearby military base and I was taken in to see a doctor. The doctor removed the blindfold and examined me. When he was done I was blindfolded again and taken to a room where I waited until around 7:30 a.m. I was then put back in the jeep which drove for about 30 minutes before stopping at the police station inside Kiryat Arba settlement.
5. At Kiryat Arba I was taken to a room where I waited until around 11:00 a.m. I wasn't given any food but I was allowed to drink some water. Some soldiers beat me and I begged them to stop but they didn't pay any attention. An interrogator then took me to a room for questioning.
6. The interrogator wore civilian clothes and told me his name was Avi. He removed the blindfold and the ties and started to interrogate me without informing me of any rights. He had a tape recorder on his desk. He accused me of throwing stones at soldiers near the main road intersection. I denied the accusation. He then showed me pictures of someone throwing stones. He also showed me pictures of other young men throwing stones and asked me to identify them. I told him I didn't recognize any of them. He then tied my hands and blindfolded me and took me outside the room for about two hours and made me sit on the floor. Two hours later another interrogator questioned me.
7. The second interrogator wore a police uniform accused me of the same accusation. He did not inform me of any rights. He turned the tape recorder on and heard what I had told the first interrogator. He then printed out my statement in Hebrew and asked me to sign it. When I refused to sign it he told me it didn't really matter because everything was recorded. I then decided to sign it without really understanding what it said.
8. I was then photographed and fingerprinted. Then I was blindfolded and tied as before and taken back to the jeep which was waiting by the gate and driven to Etzion settlement. On arrival at Etzion I was strip searched and taken into a cell where they brought me some food after removing the ties and the blindfold. I spent one night at Etzion.
9. The following day I was shackled and handcuffed and driven to Ofer prison. The journey took about one-and-a-half hours. On arrival at Ofer I was strip searched and put in Section 13.
10. Two days later I was taken to Ofer military court. My parents came to Ofer but they were not allowed into the courtroom. A lawyer was in court. I had about 10 hearings. In the end I was sentenced to four months in prison and fined NIS 2,000 in a plea bargain. I was also served with a suspended sentence of six months in prison valid for five years.

11. I spent three months of my sentence at Ofer and then I was transferred to Megiddo prison inside Israel. I did not study in prison because I didn't want to. I was released from Megiddo on 17 May 2015, at around 4:00 p.m. I went home with my parents.

Testimony 7

Name: M.T.H.
 Age: 17
 Date of incident: 19 January 2015
 Location: At Tabaqa, West Bank
 Transferred to: Megiddo, West Bank

I, M.T.H., of At Tabaqa, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I was asleep when I woke up to the sound of loud banging at our front door. It was around 2:00 a.m. I got up to see what was going on and realized that my father had already answered the door. Israeli soldiers entered the house and told my father they wanted to arrest me. They told him I was accused of throwing stones. They did not give him any documents but they told him they were going to take me to the settlement of Kiryat Arba for questioning.
2. One of the soldiers told me to get dressed and immediately took me outside the house to where a jeep was waiting. There they tied my hands to the front with three plastic ties: one on each wrist and one connecting the two. They also blindfolded me and took me into the back of the jeep where I sat on the floor. The jeep drove towards the nearby military base. Soldiers slapped me and kicked me hard on the way.
3. On arrival at the military base I was taken to see a doctor who removed the blindfold and examined me. I was blindfolded again and put in a shipping container where I slept until around 7:00 a.m.
4. Soldiers woke me up with the back of their guns and put me in the jeep which drove for about 30 minutes. I heard the soldiers say we were at Kiryat Arba. The soldiers put me in a courtyard and made me sit on the ground in the cold until around 2:00 p.m. I was not allowed to use the toilet or to drink water. Later an interrogator came for me.
5. The interrogator wore civilian clothes. He removed the blindfold but kept me tied. He turned on a tape recorder and accused me of throwing stones at soldiers. I denied the accusation. He did not inform me of my rights. He showed me pictures of boys from our village throwing stone and asked me to tell him their names. I told him I didn't know any of them. The interrogation lasted for about 30 minutes.
6. I was taken to another room with an Israeli policeman where I waited for about 15 minutes before the interrogator took me back to the interrogation room and started to interrogate me again about the same accusations. This lasted for about 30 minutes and then he took me back

to the other room as if he wanted me to rest. An hour later he took me back to the interrogation room and started to interrogate me for the third time.

7. This time he told me there were confessions against me from other boys in the village that I was throwing stones with them. When I told him this was not true he shouted at me and told me I had to confess. He told me there were two ways to interrogate someone: the first was the humane way where the person confesses without any problems. The other way was the animals' way where the person is forced to confess. I told him I had nothing to confess to.
8. The interrogator took me to another room where there were lots of soldiers and asked me whether I wanted to confess. I insisted that I had nothing to confess to. He then asked the soldiers to beat me. They beat me all over my body. They kicked and slapped me and one soldier used the back of his gun to beat me on the back. I was in pain and I was scared. I felt if I didn't confess they were going to beat me until I did. I then told the interrogator I wanted to confess. I confessed to throwing stones at soldiers.
9. The interrogator printed out my statement in Hebrew and I asked him to translate it for me but he refused. He asked me to sign it and I did without understanding what it said. I was afraid that if I didn't sign it the soldiers would beat me again.
10. When the interrogation was over the interrogator called my father and told him I had confessed and that I needed a lawyer. He then photographed me and took my fingerprints. The soldiers then blindfolded me again and put me in the back of a jeep where I sat on the floor. The jeep drove for about 30 minutes towards the police station inside Etzion settlement.
11. At Etzion I was strip searched. In the beginning I refused to take off all my clothes as they ordered me but then I did because I was afraid they might beat me. I was taken to a prison cell at Etzion where I spent a night. The soldiers brought me some food.
12. At around 10:00 a.m. the following day I was transferred to Ofer prison where I was immediately taken to the military court. My parents were not. A lawyer was there and the hearing was adjourned. I had several hearings and in the end I was sentenced to four months in prison and fined NIS 2,000. I was also given a six months suspended sentence valid for five years.
13. I served three months in Ofer prisons but then I was transferred to Megiddo prison inside Israel where I served the last month. I studied Arabic and mathematics in prison. I was released from Megiddo on 17 May 2015.

Testimony 8

Name: A.D.B.
 Age: 14
 Date of incident: 23 May 2015
 Location: Ya'bad, West Bank
 Transferred to: Megiddo, Israel

I, A.D.B., of Ya'bad, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I was arrested on the main road near our village at around 10:00 p.m. There were stone throwing incidents in the area at the time and Israeli soldiers started to chase us. I ran away but the soldiers caught me. They did not beat me but they immediately tied my hands to the back with one plastic tie. The tie was very tight. They also blindfolded me and took me to the back of a jeep and made me sit on the metal floor.
2. The jeep drove to the military camp at the nearby settlement of Mevo Dotan where I was taken to see a doctor. The doctor removed the tie and the blindfold during the examination which were then replaced. I was then taken to a courtyard where I sat on the ground for about two hours.
3. During this time a soldier asked me some questions. He wanted to know why I was throwing stones at soldiers. I told him I didn't throw stones at soldiers. He told me I was a liar and claimed a settler woman took pictures of me throwing stones. He asked me for a telephone number of a family member and I gave him my brother's number. I heard him call my brother and tell him where I was. I was left on the ground until around midnight.
4. Soldiers then took me back to the jeep which drove towards the entrance to the settlement. A policeman removed the blindfold and the tie and hand cuffed and shackled me instead. He blindfolded me again and put me in the back of a police car. The car drove for about an hour to Ariel police station where I waited for about an hour before an interrogator took me to a room. It was around 2:00 a.m.
5. The interrogator was a policeman. Before starting to interrogate me he removed the blindfold and the shackles and gave me a form in Arabic which said I had the right to consult with a lawyer. He turned on a tape recorder and asked me for my brother's number but he did not call him. Then he accused me of throwing stones. I told him this was not true but he told me that another boy who was arrested with me had confessed against me. I was never confronted with the boy. In the beginning I denied the accusation but then I was scared of being in the room with the interrogator by myself so I decided to confess. The interrogation lasted for about three hours. In the end I was shown a document written in Hebrew which I signed without knowing what it was.
6. I was then photographed and fingerprinted and taken to a courtyard where I sat on the ground for about an hour. I was then blindfolded and taken to the back of a police car where I sat on the seat. The car drove for about an hour to Huwwara military base. I remained in the car at the entrance to Huwwara for about two hours.
7. At around 9:00 a.m. I was strip searched and taken to a room with a bed. The handcuffs and the blindfold were removed. I remained in the room until around 10:00 a.m. when I was handcuffed and shackled and put in the back of a troop carrier. The carrier drove for about two hours to Megiddo prison inside Israel. At Megiddo I was strip searched again and taken to the juvenile section.

8. Two or three days later, I don't remember, I was taken to Salem military court. A lawyer was in court but my parents did not attend because they were not informed. The hearing was adjourned. I had about five hearings and my parents attended all of them except the first. I was allowed to speak to my parents. On the last hearing I was sentenced to four months in prison and fined NIS 3,000. I was also served with a suspended sentence of one year in prison valid for five years.
9. I served my sentence at Megiddo prison where I learned Arabic and maths. My parents visited me regularly. I was released from Megiddo on 22 September 2015.

Testimony 9

Name: S.K.M.
 Age: 15
 Date of incident: 23 May 2015
 Location: Ya'bad, West Bank
 Transferred to: Megiddo, Israel

I, S.K.M., of Ya'bad, West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I was arrested on the main road near the settlement of Mevo Dotan at around 10:00 p.m. There were stone throwing incidents at the time and Israeli soldiers chased me and some other boys. I couldn't run fast enough and they caught me and immediately tied my hands to the back with one plastic tie. The tie was very tight. They also blindfolded me and took me to where the stone throwing took place.
2. The commander told me that soldiers saw me throwing stones at soldiers. I told him this was not true. He then handed me a telephone and the person on the other end told me he was an Israeli intelligence officer and told me I had to confess to throwing stones at soldiers. I didn't know what to say but I felt scared.
3. I was then put in the back of a jeep and made to sit on the metal floor. The jeep drove for about five minutes to the nearby settlement of Mevo Dotan. I was taken to a shipping container and a female doctor examined me and gave me a form to fill out. The soldiers removed the blindfold and the tie during the examination and put back on afterwards.
4. After the medical check I was made to sit on the floor inside the shipping container until around noon when I was put in an Israeli police car. A policeman removed the tie and replaced it with metal handcuffs. The policeman kept my blindfold on. The police car drove for more than an hour to Ariel settlement. I was immediately taken to the interrogation room.
5. The interrogator, who spoke fluent Arabic, told me his name was Jamal. He removed the handcuffs and the blindfold. He did not inform me of any rights. He immediately accused me of throwing stones at soldiers. The interrogation lasted about an hour and the interrogator was

shouting angrily the whole time. He threatened that if I didn't confess he was going to cause problems for my family. I was scared and decided to confess. At first I told the interrogator I was throwing stones at birds but he laughed at me and said it doesn't make sense for anyone to be hunting birds at night. At this point I told him I was throwing stones at soldiers.

6. The interrogator then printed out my statement in Hebrew and asked me to sign it. I signed it without understanding what it said. When the interrogation was over the interrogator told me I had the right to consult with a lawyer and that he was going to allow me to speak to my parents. He then took my photograph and my fingerprints and took me outside where he handcuffed me and blindfolded me again. He made me sit on the ground for about two hours.
7. After two hours I was then taken back to a jeep where I sat on a seat. The jeep drove for about 30 minutes and then stopped at Huwwara military base. I remained inside the jeep until around 7:00 a.m because the authorities refused to admit me. At around 7:00 a.m. I was strip searched and taken to a room inside Huwwara where I remained until around 11:00 a.m. Soldiers then removed the blindfold and the handcuffs and brought me some food.
8. After I ate I was handcuffed and blindfolded again and put in a vehicle and driven to Megiddo prison, inside Israel. At Megiddo I was searched with a metal detector and taken into Section 3 for boys.
9. A few days later I was taken to Salem military court. My parents did not attend but a lawyer was there to represent me. The hearing was adjourned. I had five military court hearings and my parents attended most of them. In the end I was sentenced to six months in prison but the court agreed to reduce the sentence to four months in return for a fine of NIS 3,000. I was also served with a suspended sentence of seven months valid for five years.
10. In prison I studied Arabic and mathematics. My parents visited me only once. I was released on 22 September 2015, one day earlier because of the Jewish holidays.

Testimony 10

Name: A.I.S.
 Age: 14
 Date of incident: 2 October 2015
 Location: Tuqu', West Bank
 Transferred to: Al Mascobiyya, West Jerusalem

I, A.I.S., of Tuqu', West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. The day before I was arrested there were clashes in the village and stones were thrown at a settler car. The car was totally destroyed after the settler ran away.
2. On the day of my arrest I was asleep when my mother woke me up at around 2:30 a.m. and told me Israeli soldiers had come to the house to find out who was there. My mother had

already opened the door and the soldiers were inside the house. I got out of bed and went to the living room where I found the soldiers. I then heard the soldiers tell my mother they had come to arrest me because I was accused of throwing stones. They gave my mother a document and asked her to sign it. I don't know what was written in the document.

3. The soldiers told me to get dressed and immediately took me out of the house where they tied my hands to the front with one plastic tie. The tie was very tight. They also blindfolded me and took me to the back of a jeep where I sat on a seat. The jeep did not move and I remained inside the jeep for about 10 minutes.
4. A commander then took me out of the jeep, removed the blindfold and started to chat with me. He wanted me to show him the houses of other boys they wanted to arrest. I told him I didn't know any of the boys. The commander got very angry and slapped me and kicked me aggressively. He knocked my head against the jeep and blood came out of my mouth and nose. He threatened to teach me a lesson I would never forget.
5. He then took me back to the jeep and made me sit on the metal floor. The jeep drove for about 15 minutes and then stopped at the nearby Israeli military base. I was taken to a courtyard and made me sit on the ground for about one-and-a-half hours.
6. After one-and-a-half hours I was then taken to see a doctor who removed the blindfold and the tie and examined me. He tied me and blindfolded me again when he was done. I was then taken back to the jeep which drove for about 30 minutes to the settlement of Etzion. At Etzion I was put in a small room where I sat on the floor and some soldiers beat me all over my body. I remained on the floor for about an hour before I was taken for interrogation.
7. The interrogator beat me all over my body before he said anything. He did not inform me of any rights. He removed the blindfold and cut off the tie and tied my hands to the back. The tie was very tight and painful. He then told me I was accused of throwing stones at soldiers and settlers. I told him this was not true. He then slapped me hard. After the first round of interrogation, which lasted for about 30 minutes, I was taken to a courtyard where I sat on the ground for about 30 minutes. A second interrogator then took me for a second round of interrogation.
8. The second interrogator was as aggressive and violent as the first. He started to beat me and told me I had to confess to throwing stones at the settler car near the main road. He did not inform me of any rights. I told him I did not throw stones at anyone. The second round of interrogation lasted for about 30 minutes. He then printed out my statement in Hebrew and asked me to sign it but I refused. He then beat me and took me to another room where another interrogator was sitting and the two of them chatted to each other in Hebrew.
9. I was left alone with the third interrogator. He immediately pushed me against the wall and beat me with a plastic stick. He yelled at me and asked me if I was ready to confess. I told him I didn't do anything wrong and I had nothing to confess to. After about 20 minutes I was taken to see a fourth interrogator.

10. This one removed the tie, made me sit on a chair and offered me a cigarette and some juice. I told him I didn't smoke and asked for some water. He then told me I had to confess to throwing stones. I told him I didn't throw stones. He then called me a bastard and gay and said he wasn't going to let me leave until I confessed. He aggressively beat me and pushed me to the ground and stuck his boot in my mouth. In the end I decided to confess because I could no longer stand the pain. I confessed to throwing stones at soldiers on two occasions.
11. He then printed out my statement in Hebrew and asked me to sign it. I signed it without understanding what it said. He then photographed me and took my fingerprints and took me to a prison cell where the tie was removed and I was strip-searched. I remained in the cell until around 3:00 p.m. when soldiers shackled and handcuffed me and took me to the back of a troop carrier. The carrier drove for about an hour to Ofer prison, near Ramallah.
12. On arrival at Ofer I was immediately taken to the military court. My parents were not in court because they were not informed of my whereabouts. A lawyer was there to represent me. The hearing was adjourned and I was taken to the waiting room where I waited for about two hours. I was then taken back to Etzion settlement where I spent a night.
13. In the morning I was transferred to Ramle prison inside Israel where I spent a night. The following morning I was transferred to Megiddo prison where I was strip searched and taken to the juvenile section.
14. I had four hearings in Ofer military court. Each time I was taken to court I was first taken to Ramle prison where I spent a night and then taken to Ofer. The same happened on the way back to Megiddo. The trip was exhausting. My parents attended the hearings and I was allowed to speak to them. A day before the last hearing, I think it was the 19 October 2015, soldiers shackled and handcuffed me and took me to a troop carrier. The carrier drove for more than two-and-a-half hours to Al Mascobiyya interrogation centre in West Jerusalem where I was put in a cell with other prisoners. An hour later I was taken for interrogation.
15. The interrogator wanted me to confess to throwing stones at the settler whose car was destroyed. He shackled me to the front during the interrogation. He did not inform me of any rights. He interrogated me for about 30 minutes. When I told him I didn't know anything about the settler whose car was destroyed he beat me with a stick on my legs. When I was hit I realised it was a taser because I felt the electricity. My legs hurt for a long time, maybe for two hours.
16. I was then taken to another room and two hours later I was interrogated again. This time the interrogator wanted general information. He wanted to know where I was on the day of the incident and whether I was with my friends on the main road. I did not confess to anything at Al Mascobiyya and the interrogator did not print out a statement. I spent one night at Al Mascobiyya.
17. The following day I was taken back Ofer military court. My parents were there and my lawyer and the court decided to release me.

18. After the court I was taken to Beit Sira checkpoint where my brother was waiting for me. It was around 11:30 p.m. My brother and I arrived home at around 3:00 a.m. I was released on 20 October 2015.

Testimony 11

Name: A.L.A.
Age: 14
Date of incident: 2 October 2015
Location: Tuqu', West Bank
Transferred to: Ramla/Megiddo, Israel

I, A.L.A., of Tuqu', West Bank, I.D. No. ***, after being warned under oath that what I say shall be the truth, or I shall be subjected to criminal penalty, declare as follows:**

1. I woke up to the sound of loud and aggressive banging at our front door. It was around 4:00 a.m. My father rushed to open the door and a group of Israeli soldiers entered the house and asked to see my father's ID card.
2. The soldiers checked the annex to his ID card where the children are listed and then asked my father about me. When my father pointed to me they told him they wanted to arrest me. They did not give my father any documents but they told him they wanted to question me because I was accused of throwing stones at soldiers.
3. I was immediately taken outside and my father brought me some clothes to put on. They tied my hands to the front with one plastic tie, which was very tight. They also blindfolded me and walked me towards the centre of the village where they put me in the back of a jeep and made me sit on the metal floor.
4. The jeep drove for about 15 minutes towards a nearby Israeli military base. I was put in a shipping container where a doctor removed the tie and the blindfold and examined me. He gave me a form to fill out and then tied and blindfolded me again. They made me sit on the floor for about an hour.
5. After one hour I was then taken back to the jeep where I sat on the floor. The jeep drove for about 30 minutes to the police station inside Etzion settlement. At Etzion I sat on a chair in a courtyard for some time and then I was taken for interrogation.
6. The interrogator removed the blindfold and immediately accused me of throwing stones at soldiers. He did not inform me of any rights. He also told me another boy had confessed that I threw Molotov cocktail at soldiers. I denied the accusation and told him I did throw stones or Molotov cocktails at anyone. He did not name the boy who he said testified against me.
7. The interrogator became angry when I denied the accusations and slapped me and swore at me saying bad things about my religion. I was scared and decided to confess. I confessed to throwing stones at soldiers on one occasion. The interrogation lasted for about 30 minutes.

8. I was then taken to see another interrogator who was in police uniform. He printed out my statement in Hebrew and asked me to sign it. I signed it without understanding what it said. The interrogator then phoned a lawyer and allowed me to speak to him. The lawyer told me not to confess to anything and not to confess about others. This advice was of no use to me as I had already confessed. I was then photographed and fingerprinted.
9. The interrogator then blindfolded me again and took me to a courtyard where I sat on the ground until around 6:00 p.m. I wasn't allowed to use the toilet and I wasn't given any food or drink. I was then put in a troop carrier that drove for about one-and-a-half hours before stopping at Ramla prison, inside Israel. I was then strip searched and taken to a cell where I spent a night. The following day I was taken to Megiddo prison, also in Israel.
10. I had about four military court hearings. Each time I was taken from Megiddo to Ramla where I would spend a night and then from Ramla to Ofer where the military court is. On the way back to Megiddo after the court hearing I would also spend a night in Ramla. My parents and my lawyer attended the hearings.
11. In the end the military court decided to release me and I was fined NIS 900. I don't know if my file has been closed or not. I was released from Ofer prison on 15 October 2015 at around 11:00 p.m. Before I was released I was taken to see a police officer who asked me whether I wanted to go back to prison. I told him I didn't. I went home with my father and we arrived home at 2:00 a.m.